## B2 What religions and worldviews are to be taught?

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This agreed syllabus requires that all pupils study Christianity in each key stage. In addition, pupils will study the principal religions represented in the UK, in line with the law.

These are Islam, Hindu dharma, Sikhi, Buddhism and Judaism. Furthermore, children from families where non-religious worldviews are held are represented in almost all our classrooms. Non-religious worldviews, including 'organised' examples such as Humanism, will also be the focus for study Religious traditions are to be studied in depth as follows:

- 4–5s Reception Children will encounter Christians and people of other faiths,
  - as part of their growing sense of self, their own community and their place within it.
- 5-7s Key Stage 1 Christians and Muslims or Jewish people
- 7—11s Key Stage 2 Christians, Muslims, Hindus and Jewish people
- 11–14s Key Stage 3 Christians, Muslims, Sikhs and Buddhists
- 14–16s Key Stage 4 Two religions required, usually including Christianity.
  - This will be through a course in Religious Studies or Religious Education leading to a qualification approved under Section 96 12
- 16–19s RE for all Religions and worldviews to be selected by schools and colleges as appropriate

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Based on the previous document, for 5-7s Key Stage 1 (above) would read "Christians, Muslims, Hindus and Jewish people" which is the same as provision for 7-11s in Key Stage 2. I would recommend that the following should be in 'bold' on this page:

"Schools should consider the pupils they serve in deciding whether to go beyond the minimum entitlements to learning about religious and non-religious worldviews."